# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JOHNSON COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2009



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE JOHNSON COUNTY CLERK

### For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Johnson County Clerk's audit for the year ended December 31, 2009. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

#### **Financial Condition:**

Excess fees decreased by \$9,188 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$602,768 as of December 31, 2009. Revenues decreased by \$491,798 from the prior year and expenditures decreased by \$482,610. A decrease in usage tax collections and payments to the state account for the bulk of the decrease in revenues and expenditures.

#### **Deposits:**

The County Clerk's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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### CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Roger T. Daniel, Johnson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sallee Conley Holbrook, Johnson County Clerk Members of the Johnson County Fiscal Court

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the County Clerk of Johnson County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the County Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Clerk's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated May 10, 2010 on our consideration of the Johnson County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Honorable Roger T. Daniel, Johnson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sallee Conley Holbrook, Johnson County Clerk Members of the Johnson County Fiscal Court

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Clerk and Fiscal Court of Johnson County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 10, 2010

# JOHNSON COUNTY SALLEE CONLEY HOLBROOK, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

#### For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenues	
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State Fees For Services		\$ 4,081
Fiscal Court		94,015
Licenses and Taxes:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 807,871	
Usage Tax	2,159,701	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	1,481,464	
Motor Vehicle Lien Release Fees	12,352	
Other-		
Fish and Game Licenses	10,011	
Marriage Licenses	8,697	
Miscellaneous Licenses	7,398	
Deed Transfer Tax	39,544	
Delinquent Tax	644,899	5,171,937
Fees Collected for Services:		
Recordings-		
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	16,048	
Real Estate Mortgages	36,963	
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	50,783	
Affordable Housing Trust	26,748	
All Other Recordings	24,111	
Charges for Other Services-		
Candidate Filing Fees	1,250	
Copywork	3,981	
Passports	6,800	166,684
Other:		
Miscellaneous	3,220	
Interest Earned	515	
Refunds	5,260	 8,995
Total Revenues		5,445,712

#### JOHNSON COUNTY

#### SALLEE CONLEY HOLBROOK, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

(Continued)

#### Expenditures

Payments to State:  Motor Vehicle-					
Licenses and Transfers	\$	561,003			
Usage Tax	Ф	2,094,910			
Tangible Personal Property Tax		565,512			
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-		303,312			
Fish and Game Licenses		9,659			
Delinquent Tax		103,963			
Legal Process Tax					
e		20,967	2 202 762		
Affordable Housing Trust		26,748	3,382,762		
Payments to Fiscal Court:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax		140,039			
Delinquent Tax		48,497			
Deed Transfer Tax		37,566	226,102		
Payments to Other Districts:					
Tangible Personal Property Tax		716,639			
Delinquent Tax		306,290	1,022,929		
Demiquent Tux		300,270	1,022,727		
Payments to Sheriff			42,494		
Payments to County Attorney			80,247		
Operating Expenditures:					
Other Charges-					
Miscellaneous			1,902		
Total Expenditures					4,756,436
Net Revenues					689,276
Less: Statutory Maximum					79,380
Less. Statutory Maximum					77,300
Excess Fees					609,896
Less: Expense Allowance			3,600		
Training Incentive Benefit			3,528		7,128
Excess Fees Due County for 2009					602,768
Payments to Fiscal Court - Various Dates					602,768
Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit				\$	0
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#### JOHNSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2009

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the County Clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2009 services
- Reimbursements for 2009 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2009

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

#### C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

JOHNSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### D. Fee Pooling

The Johnson County Clerk is required by the Fiscal Court to participate in a fee pooling system. Fee officials who are required to participate in fee pooling deposit all funds collected into their official operating account. The fee official is responsible for paying all amounts due taxing districts. Residual funds are then paid to the County Treasurer on a monthly basis. Invoices are submitted to the County Treasurer to document operating expenses. Except for miscellaneous bank charges, the County pays all operating expenses for the fee official.

#### Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan, 5 percent will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent for the first six months and 16.16 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (the member's age plus years of service credit must equal 87 and the member must be a minimum of 57 year of age) or the member is age 65 with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### Note 3. Deposits

The Johnson County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

JOHNSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009 (Continued)

#### Note 3. Deposits (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the County Clerk's deposits may not be returned. The Johnson County Clerk does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 4. Lease Agreements

#### A. Pitney Bowes Credit Corporation - Postage Meter

On September 8, 2008, the Office of the County Clerk committed to a lease agreement with Pitney Bowes Credit Corporation for a postage meter. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$171 for 48 months to be completed on September 8, 2012. Under the fee pooling system, the fiscal court is making the payments on this lease.

#### B. Xerox - Copier

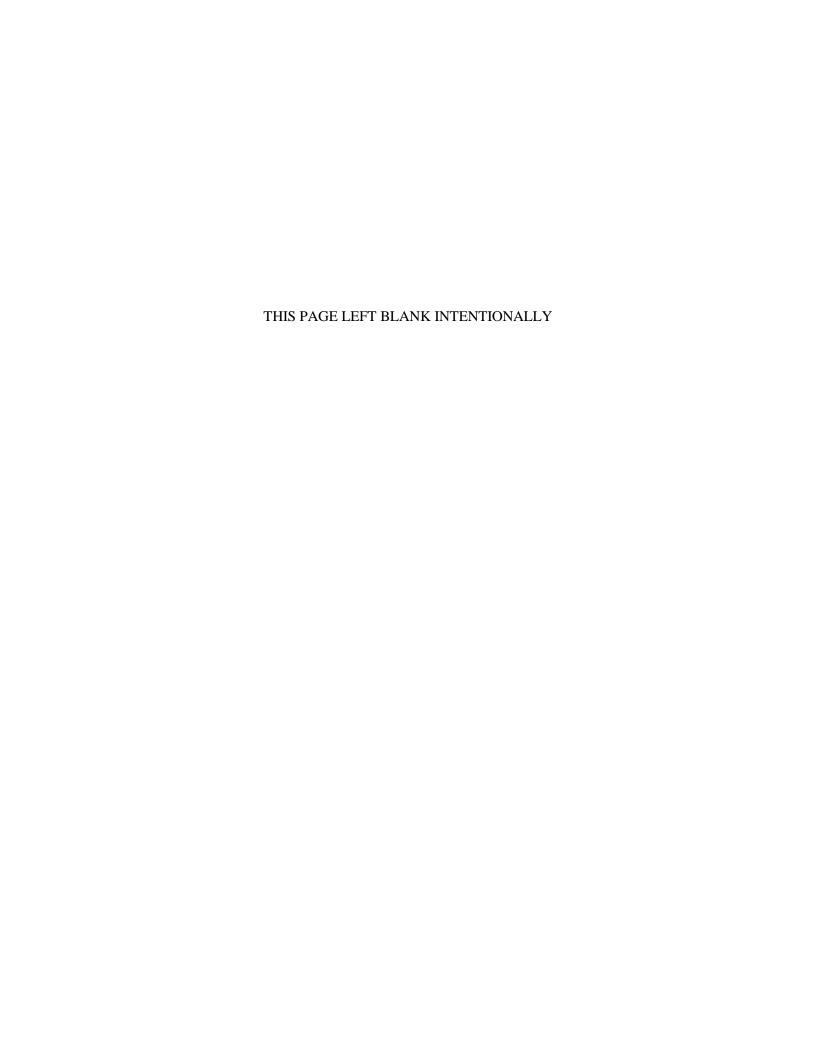
On September 13, 2009, the Office of the County Clerk committed to a lease agreement with Xerox for a copier. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$196 for 60 months to be completed on September 13, 2014. Under the fee pooling system, the fiscal court is making payments on this lease.

#### C. Software Management - Hardware Service Agreement

On July 23, 2007, the Office of the County clerk committed to a service agreement with Software Management for computer hardware. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$3,425 for 60 months to be completed on July 22, 2012. Under the fee pooling system, the fiscal court is making the payments on this lease.

#### D. Software Management - Software Service Agreement

On July 23, 2007, the Office of the County clerk committed to a service agreement with Software Management for computer software. The agreement requires monthly payments of \$2,375 for 60 months to be completed on July 22, 2012. Under the fee pooling system, the fiscal court is making the payments on this lease.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Roger T. Daniel, Johnson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Sallee Conley Holbrook, Johnson County Clerk Members of the Johnson County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Johnson County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated May 10, 2010. The County Clerk's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Johnson County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Johnson County Clerk's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2009, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Johnson County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

May 10, 2010